The following pages are a tool for you to use to help you establish a regular exercise program. The key is to start today, so that by the time you finish Cardiac Rehab you already have a home or community exercise routine established.

Step 1: Your Personal Benefits of Exercise

Knowing *why* you exercise is an important part of developing your plan and sticking to it. Review these possible benefits of exercise. Indicate the ones that are important to you. Be sure these are the real reasons you want to exercise, not why others have said you should exercise. You won't make changes that last unless the motivation comes from within.

Part A - If you become more physically active, do you believe you will:

	Yes	Somewhat	No
Improve your health?			
Improve your self confidence?			
Meet new people?			
Lose weight/inches?			
Build muscle strength?			
Feel more relaxed?			
Improve your fitness level?			
Improve your mood?			
Perform tasks (at home or work) better?			
Improve your mobility?			
Improve your bone density?			
Improve flexibility, balance or coordination?			
Prevent future health problems?			
Other			

Part B - In your own words, list 3 reasons why exercise is important to you

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The longer you are active, the more benefits you will enjoy. And the **more** benefits you enjoy, the **more** likely you are to stay active for a lifetime.

Step 2: Possible Barriers To Exercise

Part A - Indicate which of these statements matches your feelings about possible barriers to increasing your physical activity. Be honest in your answers.

	Yes	Somewhat	No
"I feel self conscious about how I look when I exercise"			
"I don't enjoy any type of exercise"			
"I don't know how to exercise/how hard to push myself"			
"I don't have the self discipline"			
"I can't find the time"			
"I don't have someone to exercise with"			
"I don't get any enjoyment from physical activity"			
"I've tried before and not succeeded"			
"I'm worried I will be too tired"			
"I don't have the right clothes"			
"I don't see the value in it"			
"The weather stops me from exercising when I want to"			
"I don't have the equipment I need"			
"I'm not in good enough health/in too much pain"			
"I start, but I fall off the wagon regularly"			
Other			

 $Part\ B$ - Write down the barriers you identified above that may prevent you from exercising regularly. Try to think of ways to overcome each one.

Example Barriers Or Problems	Example Ways To Overcome	
I'm too tired to exercise	Start out at a slow pace	
I don't have time	Short walk during my lunch break	
My Personal Barriers	Ways To Overcome?	

Step 3: Setting Yourself Up For Success

Part A - Play to your strengths and examine what encourages you to exercise;

☐ Are you a <u>Self Starter</u> type? 1. Exercise independently 2. Do it because they enjoy the activity 3. Prefer an individual activity like biking, hiking, weight training 4. Are organized, have their gear ready ahead of time ☐ Are you a <u>Socialite</u> type? 1. Prefer groups such as aerobics, aquafit, tai ch'i, team sports 2. Use friends to motivate them 3. May exercise to improve appearance 4. Use exercise as a source of fun ☐ Are you a Competitor type? 1. Work better with a training goal, or a performance milestone. 2. Will exercise if it helps them improve at a particular skill ("I will exercise if it improves my golf game") 3. Generally like a lot of variety in their training program. Part B - Which of the following are you doing to help keep yourself on track? ☐ Set goals: Set a daily, short term, long term and even a dream goal. ☐ Consider the weather - It may work better to have different exercise goals for warm and cold months. In our region, you need indoor exercise alternatives for both the extreme hot and cold days. Monitor yourself - Use a pedometer/activity tracker/fit bit to measure your activity through the day. Measure the speed or distance of your walk. Count the number of rests you take. ☐ Keep track - Write down your exercise on a calendar, phone app or activity log. ☐ Include friends or family - as exercise partners, or as someone to touch base with regularly - you will both benefit! ☐ Reward yourself - Treat yourself when you meet goals and reach milestones. Plan your reward ahead of time so it motivates you! ☐ Identify barriers and temptations - before you start any new activity, consider what may derail you so you can actively work to eliminate it. When barriers

something that's not working!

occur, change your plan accordingly. Adapt and overcome, don't just keep trying

Step 4: Make a Plan - S.M.A.R.T. Goal Setting

Curr	ent exercise: W	hat are you doing for exercise no	w, outside of	Cardiac Reh	ıab?
 Gene	ral Exercise Go				
		e exact your goal is, the better it is lay, what time) and with whom? _	·	•	•
		lude a number (ie. how far, how o			ay you
	AINABLE: Brea	k big goals up into several smaller	ones. What	is the <i>first</i> s	tep?
	The	n map out a plan of how you plan	to progress t	from there;	
		What (type of exercise)	When	Where	
	This week				
	Next week				
	3rd week				
		sy to be tripped up by obstacles. To likely you will attain your goal on ser		mpt.	
		rget date, and then tell someone o			
	•	necessary to have different exercisur region, you sometimes need to	· ·		
	Summer Optio		nter Options		
Long		Take a goal for what sort of exercision now:	-	like to be do	oing

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Improve your health? Improve your self confidence? Meet new people? I aga veright /ir chas off your veright?	
Meet new people? □ □	
• •	
I ago waight /in char off wayne waigt?	ш
Lose weight/inches off your waist? \Box	
Build muscle strength? \Box	
Feel more relaxed? \Box	
Improve your fitness level? \Box	
Improve your mood? \Box	
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Improve your bone density? \Box	
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Other \square	

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	This week				1
	Next week				
	3rd week]
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		get date, and then tell someone o		vn. Then set	a
	•	necessary to have different exercing region, you sometimes need to ons	_		
_		Iake a goal for what sort of exerci	-	like to be do	— oing ——

Part A - You should include *aerobic* exercise in any program designed to keep your heart healthy.

Aerobic exercise;

- -uses large muscles and can be performed continuously
- -raises heart rate
- -burns calories and is critical to losing fat and keeping it off
- -strengthens your heart and makes it more efficient

Aim for 150 minutes a week of aerobic exercise. Many studies recommend 400 minutes a week for maximum health benefits. Your long term goal should be to be able to exercise for 30-60 minutes without stopping - including time for warm up and cool down. However, while you are building up to this, sessions of as little as 10 minutes can be added up throughout the day.

Strength, balance or stretching exercises may also help you reach your specific goals.